G01EBF - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G01EBF returns the lower tail, upper tail or two-tail probability for the Student's t-distribution with real degrees of freedom, via the routine name.

2 Specification

real FUNCTION GO1EBF(TAIL, T, DF, IFAIL)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{INTEGER} & \text{IFAIL} \\ \textbf{real} & \text{T, DF} \\ \text{CHARACTER*1} & \text{TAIL} \\ \end{array}$

3 Description

The lower tail probability for the Student's t-distribution with ν degrees of freedom, $P(T \leq t : \nu)$ is defined by:

$$P(T \le t : \nu) = \frac{\Gamma((\nu+1)/2)}{\sqrt{\pi\nu}\Gamma(\nu/2)} \int_{-\infty}^{t} \left[1 + \frac{T^2}{\nu} \right]^{-(\nu+1)/2} dT, \quad \nu \ge 1.$$

Computationally, there are two situations:

(a) when $\nu < 20$, a transformation of the beta distribution, $P_{\beta}(B \leq \beta : a, b)$ is used;

$$P(T \le t : \nu) = \frac{1}{2} P_{\beta} \left(B \le \frac{\nu}{\nu + t^2} : \nu/2, \frac{1}{2} \right)$$
 when $t < 0.0$

or

$$P(T \leq t : \nu) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} P_{\beta} \left(B \geq \frac{\nu}{\nu + t^2} : \nu/2, \frac{1}{2} \right) \quad \text{when } t > 0.0$$

(b) when $\nu \geq 20$, an asymptotic normalising expansion of the Cornish–Fisher type is used to evaluate the probability, see Hill [3].

4 References

- [1] Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) Handbook of Mathematical Functions Dover Publications (3rd Edition)
- [2] Hastings N A J and Peacock J B (1975) Statistical Distributions Butterworths
- [3] Hill G W (1970) Student's t-distribution Comm. ACM 13 617-619

5 Parameters

1: TAIL — CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates which tail the returned probability should represent.

If TAIL = 'U', the upper tail probability is returned, i.e., $P(T \ge t : \nu)$.

If TAIL = 'S', the two tail (significance level) probability is returned, i.e., $P(T \ge |t| : \nu) + P(T \le -|t| : \nu)$.

If TAIL = 'C', the two tail (confidence interval) probability is returned, i.e., $P(T \le |t| : \nu) - P(T \le -|t| : \nu)$.

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If TAIL = 'L', the lower tail probability is returned, i.e., $P(T \le t : \nu)$.

Constraint: TAIL = 'U', 'S', 'C' or 'L'.

2: T-real

On entry: the value of the Student's t variate, t.

3: DF - real Input

On entry: the degrees of freedom, ν , of the Student's t-distribution.

Constraint: DF ≥ 1 .

4: IFAIL — INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors detected by the routine:If IFAIL $\neq 0$, then G01EBF returns 0.0.

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $TAIL \neq 'U'$, 'S', 'C' or 'L'.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, DF < 1.

7 Accuracy

The computed probability should be accurate to 5 significant places for reasonable probabilities but there will be some loss of accuracy for very low probabilities (less than 10^{-10}), see Hastings and Peacock [2].

8 Further Comments

The probabilities could also be obtained by using the appropriate transformation to a beta distribution (see Abramowitz and Stegun [1]) and using G01EEF. This routine allows the user to set the required accuracy.

9 Example

Values from, and degrees of freedom for Student's t-distributions are read along with the required tail. The probabilities are calculated and printed until the end of data is reached.

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9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
G01EBF Example Program Text
     Mark 14 Release. NAG Copyright 1989.
      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER
                       NIN, NOUT
     PARAMETER
                       (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
      .. Local Scalars ..
                       DF, PROB, T
      real
     INTEGER
                       IFAIL
     CHARACTER
                       TAIL
      .. External Functions ..
     real
                     G01EBF
     EXTERNAL
                       G01EBF
      .. Executable Statements ..
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'GO1EBF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     READ (NIN,*)
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
                                       PROB TAIL'
     WRITE (NOUT,*) '
                         Τ
                                DF
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
  20 READ (NIN,*,END=40) T, DF, TAIL
      IFAIL = 0
     PROB = GO1EBF(TAIL, T, DF, IFAIL)
     WRITE (NOUT, 99999) T, DF, PROB, TAIL
      GO TO 20
  40 STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,F6.3,F8.3,F8.4,2X,A1)
```

9.2 Program Data

```
G01EBF Example Program Data

0.85 20.0 'L' :T DF TAIL

0.85 20.0 'S' :T DF TAIL

0.85 20.0 'C' :T DF TAIL

0.85 20.0 'U' :T DF TAIL
```

9.3 Program Results

GO1EBF Example Program Results

```
T DF PROB TAIL

0.850 20.000 0.7973 L

0.850 20.000 0.4054 S

0.850 20.000 0.5946 C

0.850 20.000 0.2027 U
```

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